

CONVERSATION

Have you ever...?

Listen and practice.

Steve: Hey, this sounds strange – snails with garlic. Have you ever eaten snails?

Kathy: Yes, I have. I had them here just last week.

Steve: Did you like them?

Kathy: Yes, I did. They were delicious! Why don't you try some?

Steve: No, I don't think so.

Server: Have you decided on an appetizer yet?

Kathy: Yes. I'll have a small order of the snails, please.

Server: And you, sir?

Steve: I think I'll have the fried brains.

Kathy: Fried brains? I've never heard of that! It sounds scary.

.....

WORD POWER: Cooking methods:

1. **Bake** – cooking food in an oven, usually dry heat (e.g., bread, cookies)
2. **Boil** – cooking food in hot water or liquid at high temperature (e.g., corn, pasta)
3. **Fry** – cooking food in hot oil or fat (e.g., fried chicken, eggs)
4. **Grill** – cooking food over direct heat or flame (e.g., steak, vegetables)
5. **Roast** – cooking food in an oven with dry heat, often meat or vegetables
6. **Steam** – cooking food using steam from boiling water (e.g., dumplings, vegetables)

.....

GROUP WORK : Discuss these questions.

- What's your favorite snack?
- Is it easy to make?
- What's in it?
- When do you eat it?
- How often do you eat it?

- How healthy is it?

.....

FOOD & MOOD Certain foods affect the way we feel. Nutrition experts say that what we eat can influence our emotional state. Some foods help us feel better, while others can make us feel worse.

To Outsmart Stress Carbohydrates can help reduce stress. They increase the level of serotonin in the brain, which has a calming effect. Many people drink coffee when they feel stressed, but caffeine can actually make things worse. It may increase anxiety and irritability.

To Soothe the Blues Feeling down? Try eating lean meat, chicken, seafood, and whole grains. These foods contain selenium, which may help improve your mood. Sugary foods might give you a quick mood boost, but the effect doesn't last. After the sugar high, your mood may drop even lower.

CONVERSATION: What are you going to do?

Julia: I'm so excited! We have two weeks off! What are you going to do?

Nancy: I'm not sure. I guess I'll just stay home. Maybe I'll hang out with my friends and watch some movies. What about you? Any plans?

Julia: Yeah, I'm going to relax at the beach with my cousin. We're going to go surfing every day. And my cousin likes to fish, so maybe we'll go fishing one day.

Nancy: Sounds like fun.

Julia: Say, why don't you come with us?

Nancy: Do you mean it? I'd love to!!

Julia: That's great! The more the merrier!

.....

PAIR WORK *Imagine you're going to travel abroad. Take turns giving each other advice.*

You must get the necessary vaccinations.

1. You must get the necessary vaccinations.
2. You should take your ATM card with you.
3. You should take your student ID. It might get you discounts.
4. You shouldn't forget to pack your camera.
5. You must have a visa to enter some foreign countries.
6. You don't have to change money before you go. You can do it when you arrive.

GROUP WORK *What advice would you give someone who is going to study English abroad? Report your best ideas to the class.*⁴

.....

WRITING:

Travel suggestions *Imagine someone is going to visit your town, city, or country. Write a letter giving some suggestions for sightseeing activities.*

Example Letter: Dear Josh, I'm so glad you're going to visit Santiago! As you know, Santiago is a very old and beautiful city, so you should bring your camera. Also, you ought to bring some good shoes because we're going to walk a lot. It will be warm, so you don't have to pack...

B PAIR WORK *Exchange letters. Is there anything else the visitor needs to know about (food, money, business hours, etc.)?*

.....

Reading part:

Volunteer Travel – A vacation with a difference

For her vacation each year, Allie Lebrun goes walking, reading, and working. In a recent interview with *Volunteer Magazine*, she talked about volunteer vacations.

VM: It's like an exchange program. People find a place in a country they'd like to visit. In exchange for food and accommodation, they work for their hosts. In other words, they don't get a salary. The idea is that the travelers work about four hours a day. In their free time, they can learn about the local people and culture.

AL: Many volunteer travelers are fairly young. The work can be hard, so a volunteer needs to be strong. But people in their seventies and even eighties volunteer!

VM: Just about anywhere in the world! I've volunteered in Italy, Morocco, Indonesia, and several countries in Latin America.

VM: Many of the jobs are on small farms. Farmers often need volunteers to harvest crops, for example. There are also jobs in schools, hospitals, and homes for the elderly. Some volunteers help with building projects. Others teach languages or computer skills. Maybe you want to find a volunteer program where you can use your professional skills.

How to Ask for a Favor

We all have to ask for favors sometimes. But it can be a difficult thing to do – even when you ask someone you know. If you can ask a favor and be reasonably sure to get a positive response? Here are some suggestions.

Choose your words carefully How do people respond to requests like this from their friends? For example, they probably refuse. Would you choose your words carefully? Your car? Say, “Mike, I really need your help. Can you do me a favor?” Now you have an attitude and Mike will probably respond like this: “What do you need?” Now he is interested and wants to know the situation. People need to understand the situation and be ready to help you when they know the whole story.

Be a nice person When you ask someone for a favor, you're really asking the person to go out of his or her way to help you. So if the person is going to do that, he or she is probably hoping that you would do the same if the situation were reversed. So, how do you think people decide whether to help you? They think about the kind of person you are. That, and sincerely, a smile goes a long way.

Give and take If someone agrees to do you a favor, allow the person to ask for one when he or she needs one. You should not be the one who's always asking, but not the one who offers something in return. You should be the one who helps

people. That way, you can ask for favors politely. Don't make a habit of it. It's just a matter of giving and taking.

.....

SPEAKING – Apologies

A. Think of three complaints you have about your neighbors. Write three requests you want to make. Choose from these topics or use ideas of your own: *garbage guests noise parking pets security*

B. PAIR WORK Take turns making your requests. The “neighbor” should apologize by giving an excuse, admitting a mistake, or making an offer or a promise.

Example dialogue: A: Would you mind not putting your garbage in the hallway?
B: Oh, I’m sorry. I didn’t realize it bothered you.

.....

WRITING

PAIR WORK *Imagine that you live in a large apartment building. Use complaints from Exercise 9 and your own ideas to write a set of six guidelines.*

.....

CONVERSATION

I give up!

A Terry: I give up! I can't figure this out.

Rachel: What's wrong?

Terry: I'm trying to create a song playlist for my party on Saturday.

Rachel: I can help. It's really easy. First, choose "New Playlist" from the menu.

Terry: Here? Oh, I see.

Rachel: Now listen to the name of your playlist. Then go to your song file and choose the ones you want.

Terry: But how do I choose the songs?

Rachel: Just drag them to the playlist. Be sure to press these keys to highlight more than one song.

Terry: That was easy. Thanks! So are you coming on Saturday?

Rachel: Of course. But don't forget to include my favorite songs on your playlist, OK?

.....

SPEAKING

PAIR WORK Choose your three favorite holidays. Tell your partner why you like each one.

Sample Dialogue: A: I really like Republic Day. B: What do you like about it? A: Well, it's a time when schools and offices are closed, and we have parades and fireworks.

WRITING

An email *Imagine you're sick and can't go to class. A classmate has agreed to help you. Think of three things you need the classmate to do. Write an email to him or her.*

Subject: Can you help?

To: Jin-sun

.....

READING

Modern-Day Treasure Hunters

Geocaching is a game played all over the world. It's a modern-day treasure hunt that uses GPS technology to find hidden containers called "caches." These caches are placed in public locations—parks, forests, cities—and can be found using GPS coordinates posted online.

People enjoy geocaching because it's fun, educational, and a great way to explore new places. Some caches contain small prizes or toys, while others include logbooks where finders can write their names and the date they found the cache.

To get started, you need a GPS device or a smartphone with GPS capability. You also need access to a geocaching website or app to find the coordinates of nearby caches. Once you find a cache, you can take something from it, leave something in return, and sign the logbook.

Geocaching appeals to people who enjoy hiking, technology, and treasure hunting. It's a great activity for families, friends, or solo adventurers who want to combine outdoor fun with a bit of mystery and discovery.

CONVERSATION

Wedding day

Jill: Your wedding pictures are beautiful, Emiko.

Emiko: Thanks. This one is right after the ceremony.

Jill: Did you get married at a shrine?

Emiko: Yes. In Japan, people sometimes have the ceremony at a shrine. Usually only family members and close friends go.

Jill: Did you have a reception afterward?

Emiko: Yes, we had a reception with family and friends.

Jill: What's a Japanese wedding reception like?

Emiko: There's a big dinner, and people give speeches and sing songs.

Jill: That sounds like fun.

Emiko: Before the dinner, the bride and groom greet the guests.

Jill: Do the guests get presents?

Emiko: No, the guests give money to the bride and groom.

.....

WRITING

An entry for a travel website *Write an entry for a travel website about a festival or celebration where you live.*

When is it? How do people celebrate it? What should a visitor see and do?

Example Entry: The annual fireworks festival in Yenshui, Taiwan, occurs on the last day of the New Year celebration. This is the first full moon of the new lunar year. It's a day when people explode fireworks in the streets, paint their faces, and dress up as...

.....

SPEAKING

That's an interesting custom

A. GROUP WORK Talk about interesting customs. Use these topics or your own ideas: *births, courtship, good luck, marriages, seasons*

Sample Dialogue: A: I know a custom from the Philippines. When a boy courts a girl, he stands outside her house and sings to her. B: What does he sing? C: Romantic songs, of course!

.....

READING

Customs Around the World

1. **Jamaica – National Heroes Day** National Heroes Day is celebrated on the third Monday of October. Jamaicans honor seven men and women who helped shape the country's history. Awards are also given to "local heroes" who help their communities.
2. **Korea – Chuseok** Chuseok is celebrated on August 15 of the lunar calendar. Koreans thank their ancestors by offering them food and cleaning their graves. Families gather together for a special meal.
3. **Thailand – Loy Krathong** On the full moon in November, Thai people float small boats called *krathongs* made of bark and leaves in rivers. This custom helps people rid themselves of bad luck and honor river goddesses.
4. **Finland – Screaming Booths** In Finland, people scream to release frustration. They do this in a phone booth-like area, and the screams are recorded and played on the radio. It's a modern way to relieve stress.

CONVERSATION

That's progress!

Tanya: Wow, the neighborhood has really changed.

Matt: Yeah. The population has grown a lot.

Tanya: Remember the old video store on Main Street?

Matt: Sure. They tore it down and built a multiplex cinema.

Tanya: And our old high school?

Matt: They demolished it and built a shopping mall.

Tanya: I guess people drive more now.

Matt: Definitely. Fifty years ago, people walked everywhere. Now almost every family has a car.

Tanya: That's progress, I guess.

.....

SPEAKING

Changing times

GROUP WORK Choose four topics. Talk about how things have changed and how they might be different in the future.

Topics: *education, entertainment, environment, fashion, food, housing, shopping, sports, technology*

Questions to discuss:

- What was it like in the past?
- What is it like today?
- What will it be like in the future?

Example Dialogue:

A: In the past, people listened to sports on the radio.

B: Nowadays, they can watch sports on HDTVs, too.

C: In the future, . . .

.....

WRITING

Describing a person

A. PAIR WORK Interview your partner about his or her past, present, and hopes for the future.

B. Write a paragraph describing how your partner has changed. Make some predictions about the future. Don't write your partner's name.

Example Paragraph: This person moved to our school several years ago. She used to be the quietest girl in the class. Now, she's in the drama club and loves to watch soap operas. Someday, she'll be a successful actress. She'll be famous. She'll star in movies and on TV. I think she'll...

C. CLASS ACTIVITY Read your paragraph to the class. Can they guess who it is about?

.....

READING

Are you in LOVE?

What is the difference between “having a crush” on someone and falling in love?

A crush is usually short-lived and based on physical attraction or admiration. It often fades quickly and doesn't involve deep emotional connection. People may have a crush on someone they don't know well, like a celebrity or a classmate.

Love, on the other hand, is deeper and more lasting. It grows over time and involves strong emotional bonds, trust, and mutual understanding. Love means caring about someone's happiness and well-being, not just how they look or act.

Some people say that a crush is exciting but love is meaningful. While a crush can make your heart race, love makes you feel safe and supported.

.....

CONVERSATION

I need a job!

Dan: I'm so broke. I really need to find a job!

Brad: So do I. Do you see anything good listed?

Dan: How about this telephone sales job? You call people and try to sell them magazines.

Brad: That sounds boring. And anyway, I'm not very good at selling.

Dan: I might check that one out.

Brad: Oh, here's one for you. An assistant entertainment director on a cruise ship.

Dan: That sounds like fun. I love traveling, and I've never been on a cruise ship.

Brad: It says here you have to work every day while the ship is at sea.

Dan: That's OK. I don't mind working long hours if the pay is good. I think I'll apply for it.

PERSPECTIVES

Job profiles *What kind of work would you like to do?*

1. Yes, I think I'd make a good journalist because I'm a good writer. When I was in college, I worked as a reporter for the school website. I really enjoy writing different kinds of articles.

2. I know what I don't want to do! A lot of my friends work in the stock market, but I could never be a stockbroker because I can't make decisions quickly. I don't mind working hard, but I'm terrible under pressure!

3. I'm still in school. My parents want me to be a teacher, but I'm not sure yet. I guess I could be a teacher because I'm very creative. I'm also really impatient, so maybe I shouldn't work with kids.

.....

WRITING

A cover letter for a job application

A. Imagine you are applying for one of the jobs in this unit. Write a short cover letter for a job application.

Sample Cover Letter:

Mr. Yoshioka Personnel Director Executive Airlines

Dear Mr. Yoshioka,

I am responding to your recent advertisement in *The Post* for a bilingual international flight attendant. I think I'd make a good flight attendant for Executive Airlines because I'm a very friendly person and I really love traveling. I also enjoy meeting people. As you can see from my résumé, I've had a lot of experience working with tourists. I worked at ...

.....

READING

Find the Job That's Right for You!

About half of all workers in the United States say they're unhappy with their jobs. Why? One reason may be that they're in the wrong kind of job for their personality. Psychologist John Holland says there are six personality types. Each type is suited to a different kind of job.

- **The Realistic type** likes working outdoors and using tools and machines.
- **The Investigative type** enjoys solving problems and doing research.
- **The Artistic type** prefers creative activities like music, art, and writing.
- **The Social type** likes helping people and working with others.
- **The Enterprising type** enjoys leading people and making decisions.
- **The Conventional type** prefers working with numbers and organizing information.

Liz is a Social type. She enjoys helping children, so she chose a career in social work. She works in a school resource center.

CONVERSATION

I need some information

Kelly: Hello?

John: Oh, hello. I need some information. What currency is used in the European Union?

Kelly: Where?

John: The European Union.

Kelly: I think the euro is used in most of Europe.

John: Oh, right. And is English spoken much there?

Kelly: I really have no idea.

John: Huh? Well, what about credit cards? Are they accepted everywhere?

Kelly: How would I know?

John: What? You're a travel agent, aren't you?

Kelly: This is a hair salon. You have the wrong number!

SPEAKING

Guess the country

A. PAIR WORK Choose a country. Then answer these questions:

- Where is it located?
- What cities are found there?
- What languages are spoken?
- What currency is used?
- What famous tourist attraction is found there?
- What products are exported?

CLASS ACTIVITY Give a short talk like the one in Exercise 10 about the country you chose. Don't say the country's name. Can the class guess the country?

....

WRITING

A guidebook introduction

Make an information chart like the one in Exercise 10 about a country you know. Then write an introduction for a guidebook about the country.

Sample Paragraph: Vietnam is located in Southeast Asia. It has a population of over 90 million people. Vietnamese is the official language. The country has many beautiful beaches, high mountains, and busy cities. Rice is grown in...

.....

READING

A Guide to Unusual Museums

Museums don't have to be full of paintings or ancient statues. Some museums use old objects, working factories, or historic cooking tools to teach visitors something new. Here are three unusual museums you might want to visit:

The Kimchi Museum – Seoul, South Korea This museum is all about kimchi, a traditional Korean dish made from vegetables and spices. Visitors learn about the history of kimchi, how it's made, and its health benefits. You can even taste different kinds of kimchi.

The Museum of Gold – Bogotá, Colombia This museum displays gold objects made by South American cultures. Visitors learn how gold was used in religious ceremonies and everyday life. One exhibit shows gold objects in a dark room with dramatic lighting.

The Chocolate Museum – Cologne, Germany This museum teaches visitors about the history of chocolate. It includes a working chocolate factory where you can see how chocolate is made from cocoa beans to finished products. Visitors can also sample chocolate.

.....

المحاضرة التاسعة

CONVERSATION

What have you been doing?

Pete: Hey, Gina! I haven't seen you in ages. What have you been doing lately?

Gina: Nothing exciting. I've been working two jobs for the last six months.

Pete: How come?

Gina: I'm saving up money for a trip to Morocco.

Pete: Well, that's exciting.

Gina: Yeah, it is. What have you been doing?

Pete: Well, I've only been spending money. I'm pursuing a full-time modeling career.

Gina: Really? How long have you been modeling?

Pete: Since I graduated. But I haven't been getting any work lately. I need a job soon. I'm almost out of money!

SPEAKING

Tell me about it

GROUP WORK Add three questions to this list. Then take turns asking and answering the questions. Remember to ask for further information.

Have you been . . . lately?

- taking any lessons
- working out
- learning a new hobby
- working long hours
- reading any good books
- playing any cool video games
- traveling
- staying up late

Useful expressions:

- Really?

- I didn't know that!
- Oh, I see.
- I had no idea.
- Wow! Tell me more.

READING

From the Streets to the Screen

Staff Benda Bilili is a music group from Kinshasa, Democratic Republic of Congo, made up of disabled street musicians. What makes them different from other groups is their use of homemade instruments and their powerful blend of rhythm and blues, soul, and reggae. Despite facing difficult living conditions, they perform with energy and creativity.

The group gained international attention when French filmmakers discovered them and created a documentary about their journey. Their story is one of resilience, talent, and hope showing how music can transform lives and bring global recognition.

CONVERSATION

What's playing?

Roger: Do you want to see a movie tonight?

Carol: Hmm. Maybe. What's playing?

Roger: How about the new *Star Trek* film? I hear it's really exciting.

Carol: Actually, the last one was boring.

Roger: What about the movie based on Stephen King's new novel?

Carol: I don't know. His books are usually fascinating, but I don't like horror movies.

Roger: Well, what do you want to see?

Carol: I'm interested in the new Sandra Bullock movie. It looks good.

Roger: That's fine with me. She's a wonderful actress.

SPEAKING

Create a new TV show

A. PAIR WORK Brainstorm ideas for a new TV show. Use these questions to help you:

- What kind of TV show is it?
- What is it about?
- Who are the main characters?
- Who will it appeal to?

B. CLASS ACTIVITY Present your TV show idea to the class.

Example: Our TV show is a detective story. It's about two secret agents who are chasing an alien from another planet. There are two main characters...

....

READING

SPECIAL EFFECTS

1. Nowadays, almost everyone has seen special effects in the movies. Dinosaurs rule the world, people fly, and armies attack spacecraft. But how is it all possible?
2. Special effects started long before the movies. In markets and theaters, people performed tricks to surprise audiences. In the 19th century, they did card tricks and things like making rabbits “disappear.” In the 20th century, before the invention of “Pepper’s ghost” was used to make things appear and disappear. When the effect ended, spectators often left in shock or amazement. Audiences were thrilled.
3. Motion pictures began in the 1890s, but there were no spoken words in these movies. “Talkies” came in the 1920s, and sound effects gradually replaced hand-made effects.
4. From the 1960s to the 1980s, special effects became more and more fantastic. Experts in makeup and models created monsters, robots, and very realistic sets to show underwater and other big scenes.
5. More recently, *Avatar* (2009) used 60 percent CGI to shoot entire scenes. It was the first film to be shot entirely with a 3-D camera. It showed believable scenes of humans and aliens on the screen.

6. Special effects in movies are often a combination of both humans and computers. The most exciting stories today use special effects to bring science fiction and action movies to life. They make the connection between action and adventure more exciting to watch and more believable.